FIRST REGULAR SESSION

SENATE BILL NO. 495

95TH GENERAL ASSEMBLY

INTRODUCED BY SENATOR GRIESHEIMER.

Read 1st time February 25, 2009, and ordered printed.

2121S.01I

TERRY L. SPIELER, Secretary.

AN ACT

To repeal sections 288.036, 288.038, 288.090, 288.120, 288.121, 288.122, and 288.330, RSMo, and to enact in lieu thereof five new sections relating to employment security, with a delayed effective date for certain sections.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Missouri, as follows:

Section A. Sections 288.036, 288.038, 288.090, 288.120, 288.121, 288.122,

- 2 and 288.330, RSMo, are repealed and five new sections enacted in lieu thereof,
- 3 to be known as sections 288.036, 288.038, 288.090, 288.120, and 288.330, to read
- 4 as follows:
- 288.036. 1. "Wages" means all remuneration, payable or paid, for
- 2 personal services including commissions and bonuses and, except as provided in
- 3 subdivision (7) of this section, the cash value of all remuneration paid in any
- 4 medium other than cash. Gratuities, including tips received from persons other
- 5 than the employing unit, shall be considered wages only if required to be reported
- 6 as wages pursuant to the Federal Unemployment Tax Act, 26 U.S.C. Sec. 3306,
- 7 and shall be, for the purposes of this chapter, treated as having been paid by the
- 8 employing unit. Severance pay shall be considered as wages to the extent
- 9 required pursuant to the Federal Unemployment Tax Act, 26 U.S.C. Section
- 10 3306(b). Vacation pay and holiday pay shall be considered as wages for the week
- 11 with respect to which it is payable. The term "wages" shall not include:
- 12 (1) The amount of any payment made (including any amount paid by an
- 13 employing unit for insurance or annuities, or into a fund, to provide for any such
- 14 payment) to, or on behalf of, an individual under a plan or system established by
- 15 an employing unit which makes provision generally for individuals performing

16 services for it or for a class or classes of such individuals, on account of:

- 17 (a) Sickness or accident disability, but in case of payments made to an
 18 employee or any of the employee's dependents this paragraph shall exclude from
 19 the term wages only payments which are received pursuant to a workers'
 20 compensation law; or
- 21 (b) Medical and hospitalization expenses in connection with sickness or 22 accident disability; or
 - (c) Death;

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- 24 (2) The amount of any payment on account of sickness or accident 25 disability, or medical or hospitalization expenses in connection with sickness or 26 accident disability, made by an employing unit to, or on behalf of, an individual 27 performing services for it after the expiration of six calendar months following the 28 last calendar month in which the individual performed services for such 29 employing unit;
 - (3) The amount of any payment made by an employing unit to, or on behalf of, an individual performing services for it or his or her beneficiary:
- 32 (a) From or to a trust described in 26 U.S.C. 401(a) which is exempt from 33 tax pursuant to 26 U.S.C. 501(a) at the time of such payment unless such 34 payment is made to an employee of the trust as remuneration for services 35 rendered as such an employee and not as a beneficiary of the trust; or
- 36 (b) Under or to an annuity plan which, at the time of such payments, 37 meets the requirements of Section 404(a)(2) of the Federal Internal Revenue Code 38 (26 U.S.C.A. Sec. 404);
- 39 (4) The amount of any payment made by an employing unit (without deduction from the remuneration of the individual in employment) of the tax imposed pursuant to Section 3101 of the Federal Internal Revenue Code (26 U.S.C.A. Sec. 3101) upon an individual with respect to remuneration paid to an employee for domestic service in a private home or for agricultural labor;
- 44 (5) Remuneration paid in any medium other than cash to an individual 45 for services not in the course of the employing unit's trade or business;
- 46 (6) Remuneration paid in the form of meals provided to an individual in 47 the service of an employing unit where such remuneration is furnished on the 48 employer's premises and at the employer's convenience, except that remuneration 49 in the form of meals that is considered wages and required to be reported as 50 wages pursuant to the Federal Unemployment Tax Act, 26 U.S.C. Sec. 3306 shall

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51 be reported as wages as required thereunder;

- (7) For the purpose of determining wages paid for agricultural labor as defined in paragraph (b) of subdivision (1) of subsection 12 of section 288.034 and for domestic service as defined in subsection 13 of section 288.034, only cash wages paid shall be considered;
- (8) Beginning on October 1, 1996, any payment to, or on behalf of, an employee or the employee's beneficiary under a cafeteria plan, if such payment would not be treated as wages pursuant to the Federal Unemployment Tax Act.
- 59 2. [The increases or decreases to the state taxable wage base for the 60 remainder of calendar year 2004 shall be eight thousand dollars, and the state taxable wage base in calendar year 2005, and each calendar year thereafter, shall 61 be determined by the provisions within this subsection.] On January 1, 2005, the 62 state taxable wage base for calendar year 2005, 2006, and 2007 shall be eleven 63 thousand dollars. The taxable wage base for calendar year 2008 shall be twelve 64 thousand dollars. [The state taxable wage base for each calendar year thereafter 65 66 shall be determined by the average balance of the unemployment compensation trust fund of the four preceding calendar quarters (September thirtieth, June 67 68 thirtieth, March thirty-first, and December thirty-first of the preceding calendar year), less any outstanding federal Title XII advances received pursuant to 69 70 section 288.330, less the principal, interest, and administrative expenses related to any credit instrument issued under section 288.030, and less the principal, 71 72 interest, and administrative expenses related to any financial agreements under 73 subdivision (17) of subsection 2 of section 288.330. When the average balance of the unemployment compensation trust fund of the four preceding quarters 7475 (September thirtieth, June thirtieth, March thirty-first, and December thirty-first 76 of the preceding calendar year), as so determined is:
 - (1) Less than, or equal to, three hundred fifty million dollars, then the wage base shall increase by one thousand dollars; or
- (2) Six hundred fifty million or more, then the state taxable wage base for the subsequent calendar year shall be decreased by five hundred dollars. In no event, however, shall the state taxable wage base increase beyond twelve thousand five hundred dollars, or decrease to less than seven thousand dollars.] For calendar year 2009, the tax wage base shall be twelve thousand five hundred dollars. [For calendar year 2010 and each calendar year thereafter, in no event shall the state taxable wage base increase beyond thirteen thousand dollars, or

decrease to less than seven thousand dollars.] For calendar year 2010 and 86 every other calendar year thereafter, the taxable wage base shall increase by ten percent rounded to the nearest one-hundred-dollar 88 increment. Such biennial increases of the taxable wage base shall be 89 90 suspended when the balance in the unemployment compensation trust 91 fund reaches an "Average High Cost Multiple", as that term is defined by the United States Department of Labor, equal to or greater than 0.45. 92If the balance in the unemployment compensation trust fund reaches 93 an average high cost multiple greater than 0.45, the taxable wage base 94shall decrease every calendar year by ten percent rounded to the 95 96 nearest one-hundred-dollar increment. Such annual decreases of the taxable wage base shall be suspended when the balance in the 97unemployment compensation trust fund reaches an average high cost 99 multiple equal to or less than 0.45.

100 For any calendar year, the state taxable wage base shall not be reduced to less than that part of the remuneration which is subject to a tax under a federal law 102 imposing a tax against which credit may be taken for contributions required to 103 be paid into a state unemployment compensation trust fund. [Nothing in this 104 section shall be construed to prevent the wage base from increasing or decreasing 105 by increments of five hundred dollars.]

288.038. With respect to initial claims filed during calendar years 2004 and 2005, the "maximum weekly benefit amount" means four percent of the total 2 wages paid to an eligible insured worker during that quarter of the worker's base period in which the worker's wages were the highest, but the maximum weekly benefit amount shall not exceed two hundred fifty dollars in the calendar years 2004 and 2005. With respect to initial claims filed during calendar years 2006 and 2007 the "maximum weekly benefit amount" means four percent of the total wages paid to an eligible insured worker during that quarter of the worker's base 9 period in which the worker's wages were the highest, but the maximum weekly benefit amount shall not exceed two hundred seventy dollars in calendar year 10 2006 and the maximum weekly benefit amount shall not exceed two hundred 11 eighty dollars in calendar year 2007. With respect to initial claims filed during 12calendar [year] years 2008 [and each calendar year thereafter], 2009, 2010, and 2011, the "maximum weekly benefit amount" means four percent of the total 14 15 wages paid to an eligible insured worker during the average of the two highest quarters of the worker's base period, but the maximum weekly benefit amount

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shall not exceed three hundred twenty dollars. If such benefit amount is not a multiple of one dollar, such amount shall be reduced to the nearest lower full dollar amount. For calendar year 2012 and every other calendar year thereafter, the maximum weekly benefit amount shall increase by four percent rounded to the nearest five-dollar increment. The applicable maximum weekly benefit amount for a respective calendar year shall apply to all initial claims filed during such calendar year.

288.090. 1. Contributions shall accrue and become payable by each employer for each calendar year in which he is subject to this law. Such contributions shall become due and be paid by each employer to the division for the fund on or before the last day of the month following each calendar quarterly period of three months except when regulation requires monthly payment. Any employer upon application, or pursuant to a general or special regulation, may be granted an extension of time, not exceeding three months, for the making of his or her quarterly contribution and wage reports or for the payment of such contributions. Payment of contributions due shall be made to the treasurer designated pursuant to section 288.290.

- (1) In the payment of any contributions due, a fractional part of a cent shall be disregarded unless it amounts to one-half cent or more, in which case it shall be increased to one cent;
- 14 (2) Contributions shall not be deducted in whole or in part from the wages 15 of individuals in employment.
- 16 2. As of June thirtieth of each year, the division shall establish an 17 average industry contribution rate for the next succeeding calendar year for each of the industrial classification divisions listed in the industrial classification 18 system established by the federal government. The average industry contribution 19 20 rate for each standard industrial classification division shall be computed by multiplying total taxable wages paid by each employer in the industrial 2122classification division during the twelve consecutive months ending on June thirtieth by the employer's contribution rate established for the next calendar 23year and dividing the aggregate product for all employers in the industrial 24 classification division by the total of taxable wages paid by all employers in the 25 26 industrial classification division during the twelve consecutive months ending on 27 June thirtieth. Each employer will be assigned to an industrial classification code division as determined by the division in accordance with the definitions 28

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29 contained in the industrial classification system established by the federal government, and shall pay contributions at the average industry rate established 30 for the preceding calendar year for the industrial classification division to which 31 it is assigned or two and seven-tenths percent of taxable wages paid by it, 33 whichever is the greater, unless there have been at least twelve consecutive calendar months immediately preceding the calculation date throughout which 34 its account could have been charged with benefits. The division shall classify all 35 employers meeting this chargeability requirement for each calendar year in 36 37 accordance with their actual experience in the payment of contributions on their own behalf and with respect to benefits charged against their accounts, with a 38 view to fixing such contribution rates as will reflect such experience. The division 39 shall determine the contribution rate of each such employer in accordance with 40 sections 288.113 to 288.126. Notwithstanding the provisions of this subsection, 41 any employing unit which becomes an employer pursuant to the provisions of 42 subsection 7 or 8 of section 288.034 shall pay contributions equal to one percent 43 44 of wages paid by it until its account has been chargeable with benefits for the period of time sufficient to enable it to qualify for a computed rate on the same 45 basis as other employers. 46

- 3. Benefits paid to employees of any governmental entity and nonprofit organizations shall be financed in accordance with the provisions of this subsection. For the purpose of this subsection, a "nonprofit organization" is an organization (or group of organizations) described in Section 501(c)(3) of the United States Internal Revenue Code which is exempt from income tax under Section 501(a) of such code.
- (1) A governmental entity which, pursuant to subsection 7 of section 288.034, or nonprofit organization which, pursuant to subsection 8 of section 288.034, is, or becomes, subject to this law on or after April 27, 1972, shall pay contributions due under the provisions of subsections 1 and 2 of this section unless it elects, in accordance with this subdivision, to pay to the division for the unemployment compensation fund an amount equal to the amount of regular benefits and of one-half of the extended benefits paid, that is attributable to service in the employ of such governmental entity or nonprofit organization, to individuals for weeks of unemployment which begin during the effective period of such election; except that, with respect to benefits paid for weeks of unemployment beginning on or after January 1, 1979, any such election by a

64 governmental entity shall be to pay to the division for the unemployment 65 compensation fund an amount equal to the amount of all regular benefits and all 66 extended benefits paid that is attributable to service in the employ of such 67 governmental entity.

- (a) A governmental entity or nonprofit organization which is, or becomes, subject to this law on or after April 27, 1972, may elect to become liable for payments in lieu of contributions for a period of not less than one calendar year, provided it files with the division a written notice of its election within the thirty-day period immediately following the date of the determination of such subjectivity. The provisions of paragraphs (a) through (e) of subdivision (4) of subsection 1 of section 288.100 shall not apply in the calendar year 1998 and each calendar year thereafter, in the case of an employer who has elected to become liable for payments in lieu of contributions.
- (b) A governmental entity or nonprofit organization which makes an election in accordance with paragraph (a) of this subdivision will continue to be liable for payments in lieu of contributions until it files with the division a written notice terminating its election not later than thirty days prior to the beginning of the calendar year for which such termination shall first be effective.
- (c) A governmental entity or any nonprofit organization which has been paying contributions under this law for a period subsequent to January 1, 1972, may change to a reimbursable basis by filing with the division not later than thirty days prior to the beginning of any calendar year a written notice of election to become liable for payments in lieu of contributions. Such election shall not be terminable by the organization for that and the next calendar year.
- (d) The division, in accordance with such regulations as may be adopted, spanished shall notify each governmental entity or nonprofit organization of any determination of its status of an employer and of the effective date of any election which it makes and of any termination of such election. Such determination shall be subject to appeal as is provided in subsection 4 of section 288.130.
 - (2) Payments in lieu of contributions shall be made in accordance with the provisions of paragraph (a) of this subdivision, as follows:
 - (a) At the end of each calendar quarter, or at the end of any other period as determined by the director, the division shall bill the governmental entity or nonprofit organization (or group of such organizations) which has elected to make payments in lieu of contributions for an amount equal to the full amount of

99 regular benefits plus one-half of the amount of extended benefits paid during such 100 quarter or other prescribed period that is attributable to service in the employ of 101 such organization; except that, with respect to extended benefits paid for weeks 102 of unemployment beginning on or after January 1, 1979, which are attributable 103 to service in the employ of a governmental entity, the governmental entity shall 104 be billed for the full amount of such extended benefits.

- (b) Payment of any bill rendered under paragraph (a) of this subdivision shall be due and shall be made not later than thirty days after such bill was mailed to the last known address of the governmental entity or nonprofit organization or was otherwise delivered to it.
- (c) Payments made by the governmental entity or nonprofit organization under the provisions of this subsection shall not be deducted or deductible, in whole or in part, from the remuneration of individuals in the employ of the organization.
- (d) Past due payments of amounts in lieu of contributions shall be subject to the same interest and penalties that apply to past due contributions. Also, unpaid amounts in lieu of contributions, interest, penalties and surcharges are subject to the same assessment, civil action and compromise provisions of this law as apply to unpaid contributions. Further, the provisions of this law which provide for the adjustment or refund of contributions shall apply to the adjustment or refund of payments in lieu of contributions.
- (3) If any governmental entity or nonprofit organization fails to timely file a required quarterly wage report, the division shall assess such entity or organization a penalty as provided in subsections 1 and 2 of section 288.160.
- (4) Except as provided in subsection 4 of this section, each employer that is liable for payments in lieu of contributions shall pay to the division for the fund the amount of regular benefits plus the amount of one-half of extended benefits paid that are attributable to service in the employ of such employer; except that, with respect to benefits paid for weeks of unemployment beginning on or after January 1, 1979, a governmental entity that is liable for payments in lieu of contributions shall pay to the division for the fund the amount of all regular benefits and all extended benefits paid that are attributable to service in the employ of such employer. If benefits paid to an individual are based on wages paid by more than one employer in the base period of the claim, the amount chargeable to each employer shall be obtained by multiplying the benefits paid

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by a ratio obtained by dividing the base period wages from such employer by the total wages appearing in the base period.

- (5) Two or more employers that have become liable for payments in lieu of contributions, in accordance with the provisions of subdivision (1) of this subsection, may file a joint application to the division for the establishment of a group account for the purpose of sharing the cost of benefits paid that are attributable to service in the employ of such employers. Each such application shall identify and authorize a group representative to act as the group's agent for the purposes of this subdivision. Upon approval of the application, the division shall establish a group account for such employers effective as of the beginning of the calendar quarter in which the application was received and shall notify the group's representative of the effective date of the account. Such account shall remain in effect for not less than two years and thereafter until terminated at the discretion of the director or upon application by the group. Upon establishment of the account, each member of the group shall be liable for payments in lieu of contributions with respect to each calendar quarter in the amount that bears the same ratio to the total benefits paid in such quarter that are attributable to service performed in the employ of all members of the group as the total wages paid for service in employment by such member in such quarter bears to the total wages paid during such quarter for service performed in the employ of all members of the group. The director shall prescribe such regulations as he or she deems necessary with respect to applications for establishment, maintenance and termination of group accounts that are authorized by this subdivision, for addition of new members to, and withdrawal of active members from, such accounts, and for the determination of the amounts that are payable under this subdivision by members of the group and the time and manner of such payments.
- 4. Any employer which elects to make payments in lieu of contributions into the unemployment compensation fund as provided in subdivision (1) of subsection 3 of this section shall not be liable to make such payments with respect to the benefits paid to any individual whose base period wages include wages for previous work not classified as insured work as defined in section 288.030 to the extent that the unemployment compensation fund is reimbursed for such benefits pursuant to Section 121 of Public Law 94-566.
- 5. [Any employer which elects to make payments in lieu of contributionspursuant to subsection 3 of this section shall be liable for an additional surcharge

to the division for the unemployment compensation trust fund in an amount equal to the interest rate on United States treasury bills, averaged for the previous four calendar quarters, multiplied by the total benefit payments charged to the employer's account. Governmental entities except cities, counties and the state of Missouri which elect to make payments in lieu of contributions pursuant to subsection 3 of this section shall be liable for an additional surcharge to the division for the unemployment compensation fund in an amount equal to one-half of the interest rate on United States treasury bills, averaged for the previous four calendar quarters, multiplied by the total benefit payments charged to the employer's account. The cumulative benefits charged plus the cumulative surcharges pursuant to this subsection for all employers electing to make payments in lieu of contributions shall not exceed the summation of total benefit payments chargeable and not chargeable for the calendar quarter. The provisions of this subsection shall not be effective after September 30, 1993.

- 6. Beginning October 1, 1993, through December 31, 1993, any employer which elects to make payments in lieu of contributions pursuant to subsection 3 of this section shall be liable for an additional surcharge to the division for the unemployment compensation trust fund in an amount equal to the interest rate of United States treasury bills, averaged for the previous four calendar quarters, multiplied by the total benefit payments charged to the employer's account. The cumulative benefits charged plus the cumulative surcharges pursuant to this subsection for all employers electing to make payments in lieu of contributions shall not exceed the summation of total benefit payments chargeable and not chargeable for the calendar quarter.
- 7. Beginning January 1, 1994, through December 31, 1995, any employer which elects to make payments in lieu of contributions pursuant to subsection 3 of this section shall be liable for an additional surcharge to the division for the unemployment compensation trust fund. The calendar year surcharge rate will be the base prime rate on corporate loans posted by at least seventy-five percent of the nation's thirty largest banks as of November thirtieth of the preceding year. The additional surcharge will be the surcharge rate multiplied by the total benefit payments charged to the employer's account. The cumulative benefits charged plus the cumulative surcharges pursuant to this subsection for all employers electing to make payments in lieu of contributions shall not exceed the summation of total benefit payments chargeable and not chargeable for the

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- 205 8. Beginning January 1, 1996, through December 31, 1996, any employer 206 which elects to make payments in lieu of contributions pursuant to subsection 3 of this section shall be liable for the total benefit payments chargeable to its 207 208 account pursuant to the provisions of section 288.100 plus one-third of the total 209 benefit payments not charged to its account pursuant to paragraphs (a) through 210 (e) of subdivision (4) of subsection 1 of section 288.100. The remaining two-thirds 211 of the benefit payments not charged to its account pursuant to paragraphs (a) 212 through (e) of subdivision (4) of subsection 1 of section 288.100 shall be paid by 213 the unemployment compensation trust fund.
 - 9. Beginning January 1, 1997, through December 31, 1997, any employer which elects to make payments in lieu of contributions pursuant to subsection 3 of this section shall be liable for the total benefit payments chargeable to its account pursuant to the provisions of section 288.100 plus two-thirds of the total benefit payments not charged to its account pursuant to paragraphs (a) through (e) of subdivision (4) of subsection 1 of section 288.100. The remaining one-third of the benefit payments not charged to its account pursuant to paragraphs (a) through (e) of subdivision (4) of subsection 1 of section 288.100 shall be paid by the unemployment compensation trust fund.
 - 10. Beginning January 1, 1998, and each calendar year thereafter,] Any employer which elects to make payments in lieu of contributions pursuant to subsection 3 of this section shall be liable for all benefit payments and shall not have charges relieved pursuant to the provisions of paragraphs (a) through (e) of subdivision (4) of subsection 1 of section 288.100.
- 228 [11.] 6. (1) For the purposes of this chapter, a common paymaster 229 arrangement will not exist unless approval has been obtained from the division. 230 To receive a division-approved common paymaster arrangement, the related 231 corporation designated to be the common paymaster for the related corporations 232 must notify the division in writing at least thirty days prior to the beginning of 233 the quarter in which the common paymaster reporting is to be effective. The 234 common paymaster shall furnish the name and account number of each 235 corporation in the related group that will be utilizing the one corporation as the 236 common paymaster. The common paymaster shall also notify the division at least thirty days prior to any change in the related group of corporations or 237 238 termination of the common paymaster arrangement. The common paymaster

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its own employees and the concurrently employed individuals of the related 240 corporations. In order for remuneration to be eligible for the provisions 241applicable to a common paymaster, the individuals must be concurrently 242243 employed and the remuneration must be disbursed through the common paymaster. The common paymaster shall have the primary responsibility for 244remitting all required quarterly contribution and wage reports, contributions due 245with respect to the remuneration it disburses as the common paymaster and/or 246 247payments in lieu of contributions. The common paymaster shall compute the contributions due as though it were the sole employer of the concurrently 248 employed individuals. If the common paymaster fails to remit the quarterly 249contribution and wage reports, contributions due and/or payments in lieu of 250 contributions, in whole or in part, it shall remain liable for submitting the 251252quarterly contribution and wage reports and the full amount of the unpaid portion of the contributions due and/or payments in lieu of contributions. In 253254addition, each of the related corporations using the common paymaster shall be jointly and severally liable for submitting quarterly contribution and wage 255 256 reports, its share of the contributions due and/or payments in lieu of 257 contributions, penalties, interest and surcharges which are not submitted and/or paid by the common paymaster. All contributions due, payments in lieu of 258contributions, penalties, interest and surcharges which are not timely paid to the 259 260division under a common paymaster arrangement shall be subject to the collection 261provisions of this chapter. 262 (2) For the purposes of this subsection, "concurrent employment" means 263 the simultaneous existence of an employment relationship between an individual

shall be responsible for keeping books and records for the payroll with respect to

- (2) For the purposes of this subsection, "concurrent employment" means the simultaneous existence of an employment relationship between an individual and two or more related corporations for any calendar quarter in which employees are compensated through a common paymaster which is one of the related corporations, those corporations shall be considered one employing unit and be subject to the provisions of this chapter.
- (3) For the purposes of this subsection, "related corporations" means that corporations shall be considered related corporations for an entire calendar quarter if they satisfy any one of the following tests at any time during the calendar quarter:
- 272 (a) The corporations are members of a "controlled group of 273 corporations". The term "controlled group of corporations" means:

a. Two or more corporations connected through stock ownership with a common parent corporation, if the parent corporation owns stock possessing at least fifty percent of the total combined voting power of all classes of stock entitled to vote or at least fifty percent of the total value of shares of all classes of stock of each of the other corporations; or

b. Two or more corporations, if five or less persons who are individuals, estates or trusts own stock possessing at least fifty percent of the total combined voting power of all classes of stock entitled to vote or at least fifty percent of the total value of shares of all classes of stock of each of the other corporations; or

- (b) In the case of corporations which do not issue stock, at least fifty percent of the members of one corporation's board of directors are members of the board of directors of the other corporations; or
- (c) At least fifty percent of one corporation's officers are concurrently officers of the other corporations; or
- (d) At least thirty percent of one corporation's employees are concurrently employees of the other corporations.
- 7. All contributions and payments in lieu of contributions paid by employers under the provisions of the this chapter shall be deposited in the unemployment compensation fund and shall be used exclusively for the purposes of this chapter. Such contributions and payments in lieu of contributions are federal funds and shall not be deposited in any other state fund or used for any other purpose.

288.120. 1. On each June thirtieth, or within a reasonable time thereafter as may be fixed by regulation, the balance of an employer's experience rating account, except an employer participating in a shared work plan under section 288.500, shall determine his contribution rate for the following calendar year as determined by the following table:

6 Percentage the Employer's Experience Rating
7 Account is to that Employer's Average Annual Payroll

8	Equals or Exceeds	Less Than	Contribution Rate
9		-12.0	6.0%
10	-12.0	-11.0	5.8%
11	-11.0	-10.0	5.6%
12	-10.0	-9.0	5.4%

5.2% 5.0%	-8.0	-9.0	13
5.0%			10
	-7.0	-8.0	14
4.8%	-6.0	-7.0	15
4.6%	-5.0	6.0	16
4.4%	-4.0	7 -5.0	17
4.2%	-3.0	-4.0	18
4.0%	-2.0	-3.0	19
3.8%	-1.0	-2.0	20
3.6%	0	1 -1.0	21
2.7%	2.5	2 0	22
2.6%	3.5	3 2.5	23
2.5%	4.5	3.5	24
2.4%	5.0	5 4.5	25
2.3%	5.5	5.0	26
2.2%	6.0	7 5.5	27
2.1%	6.5	6.0	28
2.0%	7.0	9 6.5	29
1.9%	7.5	7.0	30
1.8%	8.0	1 7.5	31
1.7%	8.5	2 8.0	32
1.6%	9.0	8.5	33
1.5%	9.5	9.0	34
1.4%	10.0	9.5	35
1.3%	10.5	3 10.0	36
1.2%	11.0	7 10.5	37
1.1%	11.5	3 11.0	38
1.0%	12.0	9 11.5	39
0.9%	12.5	12.0	40
0.8%	13.0	1 12.5	41
0.6%	13.5	2 13.0	42
0.4%	14.0	3 13.5	43
0.3%	14.5	14.0	44
	11.5 12.0 12.5 13.0	11.0 9 11.5 0 12.0 1 12.5	38 39 40 41

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45	14.5	15.0	0.2%
46	15.0		0.0%

For calendar year 2010 and each calendar year thereafter, an employer's contribution rate, except an employer participating in a shared work plan under section 288.500, shall be determined from the balance in such employer's experience rating account as of the previous June thirtieth, or within a reasonable time thereafter as may be fixed by regulation, from the following table:

Percentage the Employer's Experience Rating

Account is to that Employer's Average Annual Payroll

Equals or Exceeds	Less Than	Contribution Rate
	-12.0	7.80%
-12.0	-11.0	$\boldsymbol{7.54\%}$
-11.0	-10.0	7.28%
-10.0	-9.0	$\boldsymbol{7.02\%}$
-9.0	-8.0	6.76%
-8.0	-7.0	$\boldsymbol{6.50\%}$
-7.0	-6.0	$\boldsymbol{6.24\%}$
-6.0	-5.0	5.98%
-5.0	-4.0	$\boldsymbol{5.72\%}$
-4.0	-3.0	$\boldsymbol{5.46\%}$
-3.0	-2.0	$\boldsymbol{5.20\%}$
-2.0	-1.0	4.94%
-1.0		4.68%
0	2.5	3.51%
2.5	3.5	3.38%
3.5	4.5	$\boldsymbol{3.25\%}$
4.5	5.0	$\boldsymbol{3.12\%}$
5.0	5.5	2.99%
5.5	6.0	2.86%
6.0	6.5	2.73%
6.5	7.0	2.60%
	12.0 -11.0 -10.0 -9.0 -8.0 -7.0 -6.0 -5.0 -4.0 -3.0 -2.0 -1.0 0 2.5 3.5 4.5 5.0 5.5 6.0	Equals or Exceeds Less Than -12.0 -12.0 -11.0 -12.0 -11.0 -11.0 -10.0 -10.0 -9.0 -9.0 -8.0 -8.0 -7.0 -8.0 -7.0 -6.0 -5.0 -6.0 -5.0 -5.0 -4.0 -4.0 -3.0 -2.0 -1.0 0 2.5 2.5 3.5 3.5 4.5 4.5 5.0 5.0 5.5 5.5 6.0 6.0 6.5

77	7.0	7.5	$\boldsymbol{2.47\%}$
78	7.5	8.0	$\boldsymbol{2.34\%}$
79	8.0	8.5	2.21%
80	8.5	9.0	2.08%
81	9.0	9.5	1.95%
82	$\boldsymbol{9.5}$	10.0	1.82%
83	10.0	10.5	1.69%
84	10.5	11.0	1.56%
85	11.0	11.5	1.43%
86	11.5	12.0	1.30%
87	12.0	12.5	1.17%
88	12.5	13.0	1.04%
89	13.0	13.5	0.78%
90	13.5	14.0	$\boldsymbol{0.52\%}$
91	14.0	14.5	0.39%
92	14.5	15.0	0.26%
93	15.0	TIT	0.00%

2. Using the same mathematical principles used in constructing the table provided in subsection 1 of this section, the following table has been constructed. The contribution rate for the following calendar year of any employer participating in a shared work plan under section 288.500 during the current calendar year or any calendar year during a prior three-year period shall be determined from the balance in such employer's experience rating account as of the previous June thirtieth, or within a reasonable time thereafter as may be fixed by regulation, from the following table:

Percentage the Employer's Experience Rating

Account is to that Employer's Average Annual Payroll

104	Equals or Exceeds	Less Than	Contribution Rate
105		-27.0	9.0%
106	-27.0	-26.0	8.8%
107	-26.0	-25.0	8.6%
108	-25.0	-24.0	8.4%

109	-24.0	-23.0	8.2%
110	-23.0	-22.0	8.0%
111	-22.0	-21.0	7.8%
112	-21.0	-20.0	7.6%
113	-20.0	-19.0	7.4%
114	-19.0	-18.0	7.2%
115	-18.0	-17.0	7.0%
116	-17.0	-16.0	6.8%
117	-16.0	-15.0	6.6%
118	-15.0	-14.0	6.4%
119	-14.0	-13.0	6.2%
120	-13.0	-12.0	6.0%
121	-12.0	-11.0	5.8%
122	-11.0	-10.0	5.6%
123	-10.0	-9.0	5.4%
124	-9.0	-8.0	5.2%
125	-8.0	-7.0	5.0%
126	-7.0	-6.0	4.8%
127	-6.0	-5.0	4.6%
128	-5.0	-4.0	4.4%
129	-4.0	-3.0	4.2%
130	-3.0	-2.0	4.0%
131	-2.0	-1.0	3.8%
132	-1.0	0	3.6%
133	0	2.5	2.7%
134	2.5	3.5	2.6%
135	3.5	4.5	2.5%
136	4.5	5.0	2.4%
137	5.0	5.5	2.3%
138	5.5	6.0	2.2%
139	6.0	6.5	2.1%
140	6.5	7.0	2.0%

141	7.0	7.5	1.9%
142	7.5	8.0	1.8%
143	8.0	8.5	1.7%
144	8.5	9.0	1.6%
145	9.0	9.5	1.5%
146	9.5	10.0	1.4%
147	10.0	10.5	1.3%
148	10.5	11.0	1.2%
149	11.0	11.5	1.1%
150	11.5	12.0	1.0%
151	12.0	12.5	0.9%
152	12.5	13.0	0.8%
153	13.0	13.5	0.6%
154	13.5	14.0	0.4%
155	14.0	14.5	0.3%
156	14.5	15.0	0.2%
157	15.0		0.0%

For calendar year 2010 and each calendar year thereafter, the contribution rate of any employer participating in a shared work plan under section 288.500 during the current calendar year or any calendar year during a prior three-year period shall be determined from the balance in such employer's experience rating account as of the previous June thirtieth, or within a reasonable time thereafter as may be fixed by regulation, from the following table:

Percentage the Employer's Experience Rating

Account is to that Employer's Average Annual Payroll

167	Equals or Exceeds	Less Than	Contribution Rate
168		-27.0	11.70%
169	-27.0	-26.0	11.44%
170	-26.0	-25.0	11.18%
171	-25.0	-24.0	10.92%
172	-24.0	-23.0	10.66%

173	-23.0	-22.0	10.40%
174	-22.0	-21.0	10.14%
175	-21.0	-20.0	9.88%
176	-20.0	-19.0	9.62%
177	-19.0	-18.0	9.36%
178	-18.0	-17.0	9.10%
179	-17.0	-16.0	8.84%
180	-16.0	-15.0	8.58%
181	-15.0	-14.0	8.32%
182	-14.0	-13.0	8.06%
183	-13.0	-12.0	7.80%
184	-12.0	-11.0	7.54%
185	-11.0	-10.0	7.28%
186	-10.0	-9.0	7.02%
187	-9.0	-8.0	6.76%
188	-8.0	-7.0	6.50%
189	-7.0	-6.0	6.24%
190	-6.0	-5.0	5.98%
191	-5.0	-4.0	5.72%
192	-4.0	-3.0	5.46%
193	-3.0	-2.0	5.20%
194	-2.0	-1.0	4.94%
195	-1.0	0	4.68%
196	0	2.5	3.51%
197	2.5	3.5	3.38%
198	3.5	4.5	3.25%
199	4.5	5.0	3.12%
200	5.0	5.5	2.99%
201	5.5	6.0	2.86%
202	6.0	6.5	2.73%

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203	6.5	7.0	2.60%
204	7.0	7.5	2.47%
205	7.5	8.0	2.34%
206	8.0	8.5	2.21%
207	8.5	9.0	2.08%
208	9.0	9.5	1.95%
209	9.5	10.0	1.82%
210	10.0	10.5	1.69%
211	10.5	11.0 Clal	1.56%
212	11.0	11.5	1.43%
213	11.5	12.0	1.30%
214	12.0	12.5	1.17%
215	12.5	13.0	1.04%
216	13.0	13.5	0.78%
217	13.5	14.0	0.52%
218	14.0	14.5	0.39%
219	14.5	15.0	0.26%
220	15.0		0.00%

- 3. Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection 2 of section 288.090, any employer participating in a shared work plan under section 288.500 who has not had at least twelve calendar months immediately preceding the calculation date throughout which his account could have been charged with benefits shall have a contribution rate equal to the highest contribution rate in the **applicable** table in subsection 2 of this section, until such time as his account has been chargeable with benefits for the period of time sufficient to enable him to qualify for a computed rate on the same basis as other employers participating in shared work plans.
- 4. Employers who have been taxed at the maximum rate pursuant to this section for two consecutive years shall have a surcharge of one-quarter percent added to their contribution rate calculated pursuant to this section. In the event that an employer remains at the maximum rate pursuant to this section for a third or subsequent year, an additional surcharge of one-quarter percent shall be

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annually assessed, but in no case shall the surcharge authorized in this subsection cumulatively exceed one percent. Additionally, if an employer continues to remain at the maximum rate pursuant to this section an additional surcharge of one-half percent shall be assessed. In no case shall the total surcharge assessed to any employer exceed one and one-half percent in any given year.

- 288.330. 1. Benefits shall be deemed to be due and payable only to the extent that moneys are available to the credit of the unemployment compensation fund and neither the state nor the division shall be liable for any amount in excess of such sums. The governor is authorized to apply for an advance to the state unemployment fund and to accept the responsibility for the repayment of such advance in order to secure to this state and its citizens the advantages available under the provisions of federal law.
- 2. (1) The purpose of this subsection is to provide a method of providing funds for the payment of unemployment benefits or maintaining an adequate fund balance in the unemployment compensation fund, and as an alternative to borrowing or obtaining advances from the federal unemployment trust fund or for refinancing those loans or advances.
 - (2) For the purposes of this subsection, "credit instrument" means any type of borrowing obligation issued under this section, including any bonds, commercial line of credit note, tax anticipation note or similar instrument.
- 16 (3) (a) There is hereby created for the purposes of implementing the 17 provisions of this subsection a body corporate and politic to be known as the "Board of Unemployment Fund Financing". The powers of the board shall be 18 19 vested in five board members who shall be the governor, lieutenant governor, attorney general, director of the department of labor, and the commissioner of 20 administration. The board shall have all powers necessary to effectuate its 21 22 purposes including, without limitation, the power to provide a seal, keep records of its proceedings, and provide for professional services. The governor shall serve 23as chair, the lieutenant governor shall serve as vice chair, and the commissioner 24of administration shall serve as secretary. Staff support for the board shall be 25 26 provided by the commissioner of administration;
 - (b) Notwithstanding the provisions of any other law to the contrary:
- a. No officer or employee of this state shall be deemed to have forfeited or shall forfeit his or her office or employment by reason of his or her acceptance

30 of an appointment as a board member or for his or her service to the board;

- b. Board members shall receive no compensation for the performance of their duties under this subsection, but each commissioner shall be reimbursed from the funds of the commission for his or her actual and necessary expenses incurred in carrying out his or her official duties under this subsection.
- (c) In the event that any of the board members or officers of the board whose signatures or facsimile signatures appear on any credit instrument shall cease to be board members or officers before the delivery of such credit instrument, their signatures or facsimile signatures shall be valid and sufficient for all purposes as if such board members or officers had remained in office until delivery of such credit instrument.
- (d) Neither the board members executing the credit instruments of the board nor any other board members shall be subject to any personal liability or accountability by reason of the issuance of the credit instruments.
- (4) The board is authorized, by offering for public negotiated sale, to issue, sell, and deliver credit instruments, bearing interest at a fixed or variable rate as shall be determined by the board, which shall mature no later than ten years after issuance, in the name of the board in an amount determined by the board[, provided that the unpaid principal amount of any outstanding credit instruments, combined with the unpaid principal amount of any financing agreement entered into under subdivision (17) of this subsection, shall not exceed four hundred fifty million dollars at any one time]. Such credit instruments may be issued, sold, and delivered for the purposes set forth in subdivision (1) of this subsection. Such credit instrument may only be issued upon the approval of a resolution authorizing such issuance by a simple majority of the members of the board, with no other proceedings required.
- (5) The board shall provide for the payment of the principal of the credit instruments, any redemption premiums, the interest on the credit instruments, and the costs attributable to the credit instruments being issued or outstanding as provided in this chapter. Unless the board directs otherwise, the credit instrument shall be repaid in the same time frame and in the same amounts as would be required for loans issued pursuant to 42 U.S.C. Section 1321; however, in no case shall credit instruments be outstanding for more than ten years.
- 63 (6) The board may irrevocably pledge money received from the credit 64 instrument and financing agreement repayment surcharge under subsection 3 of

section 288.128, and other money legally available to it, which is deposited in an account authorized for credit instrument repayment in the special employment security fund, provided that the general assembly has first appropriated moneys received from such surcharge and other moneys deposited in such account for the payment of credit instruments.

- (7) Credit instruments issued under this section shall not constitute debts of this state or of the board or any agency, political corporation, or political subdivision of this state and are not a pledge of the faith and credit of this state, the board or of any of those governmental entities and shall not constitute an indebtedness within the meaning of any constitutional or statutory limitation upon the incurring of indebtedness. The credit instruments are payable only from revenue provided for under this chapter. The credit instruments shall contain a statement to the effect that:
- (a) Neither the state nor the board nor any agency, political corporation, or political subdivision of the state shall be obligated to pay the principal or interest on the credit instruments except as provided by this section; and
- (b) Neither the full faith and credit nor the taxing power of the state nor the board nor any agency, political corporation, or political subdivision of the state is pledged to the payment of the principal, premium, if any, or interest on the credit instruments.
- (8) The board pledges and agrees with the owners of any credit instruments issued under this section that the state will not limit or alter the rights vested in the board to fulfill the terms of any agreements made with the owners or in any way impair the rights and remedies of the owners until the credit instruments are fully discharged.
- (9) The board may prescribe the form, details, and incidents of the credit instruments and make such covenants that in its judgment are advisable or necessary to properly secure the payment thereof. If such credit instruments shall be authenticated by the bank or trust company acting as registrar for such by the manual signature of a duly authorized officer or employee thereof, the duly authorized officers of the board executing and attesting such credit instruments may all do so by facsimile signature provided such signatures have been duly filed as provided in the uniform facsimile signature of public officials law, sections 105.273 to 105.278, RSMo, when duly authorized by resolution of the board, and the provisions of section 108.175, RSMo, shall not apply to such credit

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instruments. The board may provide for the flow of funds and the establishment 100 and maintenance of separate accounts within the special employment security 101 fund, including the interest and sinking account, the reserve account, and other 102103 necessary accounts, and may make additional covenants with respect to the credit 104 instruments in the documents authorizing the issuance of credit instruments including refunding credit instruments. The resolutions authorizing the issuance 105 of credit instruments may also prohibit the further issuance of credit instruments 106 or other obligations payable from appropriated moneys or may reserve the right 107 108 to issue additional credit instruments to be payable from appropriated moneys on a parity with or subordinate to the lien and pledge in support of the credit 109 instruments being issued and may contain other provisions and covenants as 110 determined by the board, provided that any terms, provisions or covenants 111 provided in any resolution of the board shall not be inconsistent with the 112provisions of this section. 113

- (10) The board may issue credit instruments to refund all or any part of the outstanding credit instruments issued under this section including matured but unpaid interest. As with other credit instruments issued under this section, such refunding credit instruments may bear interest at a fixed or variable rate as determined by the board.
- (11) The credit instruments issued by the board, any transaction relating to the credit instruments, and profits made from the sale of the credit instruments are free from taxation by the state or by any municipality, court, special district, or other political subdivision of the state.
- (12) As determined necessary by the board the proceeds of the credit instruments less the cost of issuance shall be placed in the state's unemployment compensation fund and may be used for the purposes for which that fund may otherwise be used. If those net proceeds are not placed immediately in the unemployment compensation fund they shall be held in the special employment security fund in an account designated for that purpose until they are transferred to the unemployment compensation fund provided that the proceeds of refunding credit instruments may be placed in an escrow account or such other account or instrument as determined necessary by the board.
- 132 (13) The board may enter into any contract or agreement deemed 133 necessary or desirable to effectuate cost-effective financing hereunder. Such 134 agreements may include credit enhancement, credit support, or interest rate

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135 agreements including, but not limited to, arrangements such as municipal bond 136 insurance; surety bonds; tax anticipation notes; liquidity facilities; forward 137 agreements; tender agreements; remarketing agreements; option agreements; 138 interest rate swap, exchange, cap, lock or floor agreements; letters of credit; and 139 purchase agreements. Any fees or costs associated with such agreements shall 140 be deemed administrative expenses for the purposes of calculating the credit instrument and financing agreement repayment surcharge under subsection 3 of 141 142 section 288.128. The board, with consideration of all other costs being equal, 143 shall give preference to Missouri-headquartered financial institutions, or those out-of-state-based financial institutions with at least one hundred Missouri 144 employees. 145

- (14) To the extent this section conflicts with other laws the provisions of this section prevail. This section shall not be subject to the provisions of sections 23.250 to 23.298, RSMo.
- (15) If the United States Secretary of Labor holds that a provision of this 149 150 subsection or of any provision related to the levy or use of the credit instrument and financial agreement repayment surcharge does not conform with a federal 151 statute or would result in the loss to the state of any federal funds otherwise 152 153 available to it the board, in cooperation with the department of labor and 154 industrial relations, may administer this subsection, and other provisions related to the credit instrument and financial agreement repayment surcharge, to 155 156 conform with the federal statute until the general assembly meets in its next 157 regular session and has an opportunity to amend this subsection or other 158 sections, as applicable.
 - (16) Nothing in this chapter shall be construed to prohibit the officials of the state from borrowing from the government of the United States in order to pay unemployment benefits under subsection 1 of this section or otherwise.
- 162 (17) (a) As used in this subdivision the term "lender" means any state or 163 national bank.
- (b) The board is authorized to enter financial agreements with any lender for the purposes set forth in subdivision (1) of this subsection, or to refinance other financial agreements in whole or in part, upon the approval of the simple majority of the members of the board of a resolution authorizing such financial agreements, with no other proceedings required. [The total amount of the outstanding obligation under all such agreements at any one time shall not

exceed the difference of four hundred fifty million dollars and the principal amount of credit instruments outstanding under this subsection.] In no instance shall the outstanding obligation under any financial agreement continue for more than ten years. Repayment of obligations to lenders shall be made from the special employment security fund, section 288.310, subject to appropriation by the general assembly.

- (c) Financial agreements entered into under this subdivision shall not constitute debts of this state or of the board or any agency, political corporation, or political subdivision of this state and are not a pledge of the faith and credit of this state, the board or of any of those governmental entities and shall not constitute an indebtedness within the meaning of any constitutional or statutory limitation upon the incurring of indebtedness. The financial agreements are payable only from revenue provided for under this chapter. The financial agreements shall contain a statement to the effect that:
- a. Neither the state nor the board nor any agency, political corporation, or political subdivision of the state shall be obligated to pay the principal or interest on the financial agreements except as provided by this section; and
- b. Neither the full faith and credit nor the taxing power of the state nor the board nor any agency, political corporation, or political subdivision of the state is pledged to the payment of the principal, premium, if any, or interest on the financial agreements.
- (d) Neither the board members executing the financial agreements nor any other board members shall be subject to any personal liability or accountability by reason of the execution of such financial agreements.
- (e) The board may prescribe the form, details and incidents of the financing agreements and make such covenants that in its judgment are advisable or necessary to properly secure the payment thereof provided that any terms, provisions or covenants provided in any such financing agreement shall not be inconsistent with the provisions of this section. If such financing agreements shall be authenticated by the bank or trust company acting as registrar for such by the manual signature of a duly authorized officer or employee thereof, the duly authorized officers of the board executing and attesting such financing agreements may all do so by facsimile signature provided such signatures have been duly filed as provided in the uniform facsimile signature of public officials law, sections 105.273 to 105.278, RSMo, when duly

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authorized by resolution of the board and the provisions of section 108.175, RSMo, shall not apply to such financing agreements.

- (18) The commission may issue credit instruments to refund all or any part of the outstanding borrowing issued under this section including matured but unpaid interest.
- 210 (19) The credit instruments issued by the commission, any transaction 211 relating to the credit instruments, and profits made from the issuance of credit 212 are free from taxation by the state or by any municipality, court, special district, 213 or other political subdivision of the state.
 - 3. In event of the suspension of this law, any unobligated funds in the unemployment compensation fund, and returned by the United States Treasurer because such Federal Social Security Act is inoperative, shall be held in custody by the treasurer and under supervision of the division until the legislature shall provide for the disposition thereof. In event no disposition is made by the legislature at the next regular meeting subsequent to suspension of said law, then all unobligated funds shall be returned ratably to those who contributed thereto.
 - 4. For purposes of this section, as contained in senate substitute no. 2 for senate committee substitute for house substitute for house committee substitute for house bill nos. 1268 and 1211, ninety-second general assembly, second regular session, the revisor of statutes shall renumber subdivision (16) of subsection 2 of such section as subdivision (17) of such subsection and renumber subdivision (17) of subsection 2 of such section as subdivision (16) of such subsection.

[288.121. 1. On October first of each calendar year, if the average balance, less any federal advances, of the unemployment compensation trust fund of the four preceding quarters (September thirtieth, June thirtieth, March thirty-first and December thirty-first of the preceding calendar year) is less than four hundred fifty million dollars, then each employer's contribution rate calculated for the four calendar quarters of the succeeding calendar year shall be increased by the percentage determined from the following table:

10 Balance in Trust Fund

Percentage
Less Than Equals or Exceeds of Increase

13	\$450,000,000	\$400,000,000	10%
14	\$400,000,000	\$350,000,000	20%
15	\$350,000,000		30%

For calendar years 2005, 2006, and 2007, the contribution rate of any employer who is paying the maximum contribution rate shall be increased by forty percent, instead of thirty percent as previously indicated in the table in this section.

2. For calendar year 2007 and each year thereafter, an employer's total contribution rate shall equal the employer's contribution rate plus a temporary debt indebtedness assessment equal to the amount to be determined in subdivision (6) of subsection 2 of section 288.330 added to the contribution rate plus the increase authorized under subsection 1 of this section. Any moneys overcollected beyond the actual administrative, interest and principal repayment costs for the credit instruments used shall be deposited into the state unemployment insurance trust fund and credited to the employer's experience account.]

[288.122. On October first of each calendar year, if the average balance, less any federal advances, of the unemployment compensation trust fund of the four preceding quarters (September thirtieth, June thirtieth, March thirty-first and December thirty-first of the preceding calendar year) is more than six hundred million dollars, then each employer's contribution rate calculated for the four calendar quarters of the succeeding calendar year shall be decreased by the percentage determined from the following table:

Balance in Trust Fund

11			Percentage
12	More Than	Equal to or Less Than	of Decrease
13	\$600,000,000	\$750,000,000	7%
14	\$750,000,000		12%

Notwithstanding the table in this section, if the balance in the unemployment insurance compensation trust fund as calculated in this section is more than seven hundred fifty million dollars, the percentage of decrease of the employer's contribution rate

calculated for the four calendar quarters of the succeeding calendar
year shall be no greater than ten percent for any employer whose
calculated contribution rate under section 288.120 is six percent or
greater.]
Section B. The repeal of sections 288.121 and 288.122 of this act shall be
effective January 1, 2010.

Unofficial

Bill

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